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SOURCE Newspapers as indicated.

WOOL PURCHASING 90-PERCENT COMPLETE;
ZAGREB FOOD ENTERPRISES CRITICIZED

YUGOSLAV WOOL PURCHASING PLAN COMPLETED 90 PERCENT -- Zagreb, Borba, 10 Jul 51

According to reports from the republic administrations for state purchases, about 90 percent of the plan for the purchase of wool has been fulfilled to date. The plan has been fulfilled best in Serbia with 97 percent, followed by Macedonia with 92 percent, and Bosnia-Herzegovina with 90 percent. However, only 18 percent of the plan has been fulfilled in Slovenia. This was the result of different methods of organizing purchases.

At the beginning of April when wool clipping began, the republic and oblast administrative agencies for state purchases in Serbia went into the field with the municipal commissions, and asked every producer to turn over his wool immediately after clipping. Consequently, the plan has thus far been fulfilled or exceeded in 71 srezes and cities. The plan has been fulfilled 99 percent in Belgrade Oblast and other oblasts, with the exception of Kosovo-Methohija, where it has been fulfilled 95 percent.

The srez people's councils in Slovenia did not employ enough purchasing commissions and administrative agencies to purchase the wool, and the purchasing also began much later than the clipping.

Experts of the federal Council for Commerce declare that the wool in 1951 is of much better quality than it was in 1950, because of the mild winter.

NEW GRAPEVINE DISEASE IN VINEYARDS AROUND SIBENIK -- Zagreb, Borba, 21 Jul 51

Sibenik, 20 July -- An unidentified grape disease has appeared in about 100 hectares of vineyards in the vicinity of Sibenik and is spreading rapidly, particularly in vineyards along the Krka River. The Federal Institute for Adriatic Crops in Split has been notified, and is sending experts to discover the source of the disease and means to combat it.

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After examining specimens of the grapes affected, experts think that the disease is caused by an unidentified blight eating the grape stalks, causing the grape seeds to become dry. They believe that the blight could be destroyed by spraying with a Yugoslav-made preparation, called "pantakana." Blue vitriol has been sprayed over the vineyards but has not stopped the spread of the disease.

A grape blossom insect which previously destroyed up to 60 percent of the grape yield in Konavosko Polje is being successfully destroyed. The Federal Institute has found a cure for the grape moth, which has caused great damage in Dalmatian vineyards. In the Sucuraj area at Hvar, the moth has destroyed up to 80 percent of the grape yield, but after the use of "pantakana" its damage was decreased 95 percent.

NEW FACTORY PROCESSES FRUITS, VEGETABLES -- Zagreb, Borba, 22 Jul 51

Ohrid, 21 July -- A new factory for processing fruits and vegetables has begun working in conjunction with the "Micurin" Preserves Factory in Ohrid. Later, when the factory receives the necessary equipment and machinery it will begin operating independently.

During 1951 the new factory will can more than 1,500,000 kilograms of fruits and vegetables.

ZAGREB FOOD ENTERPRISES SHOW LOSSES -- Ljubljana, Slovenski Porocevalec, 3 Jul 51

Food enterprises in Zagreb showed considerable losses in 1950 because of poor management and handling of food supplies. The "Hrana" (Food) Enterprise showed a loss of 8,200,000 dinars; the "Martinovka" Enterprise, 2,500,000 dinars; the "Tresnjevka" (Cherry) Enterprise, 4,900,000 dinars; the "Kruska" (Pear) Enterprise, 7,500,000 dinars; and the "Kajsija" (Apricot) Enterprise, 2,700,000 dinars. The "Dinja" (Melon) and "Visnja" (Cherry) enterprises have not balanced their accounts.

BREED LARGER, STRONGER STALLIONS -- Zagreb, Vjesnik, 23 Jun 51

Scientific methods of breeding studhorses in Djakovo has resulted in producing a larger and stronger breed of Lipizzan stallion. The young stallions are capable of plowing twice as much in one day as prewar stallions, and of hauling loads for longer distances.

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